विवरण

वित्तीय वर्ष 1992-93, 1993-94 और 1994-95 के दौरान राज्यवार मंजूर किए गए सहायता अनुदान की रकम और उसकी अनुदान प्राप्त संस्थानों द्वारा दिए गए हिसाब

राज्य का नाम	1992-93		1993-94		1994-95	
	अनुदान की रकम रु०	दिया गया हिसाब रु०	अनुदान की रकम रु०	दिया गया हिसाब रु०	अनुदान की रकम रु०	दिया गया हिसाब रु०
आंध्र प्रदेश	1,16,000	50,000	2,70,000	20,000	55,000	*हिसाब
असम	25,000	25,000	1,10,000	5,000	1,10,000	30 जून,
बिहार	60,000	50,000	70,000	10,000	5,000	1995 तक दिया जाना था।
गुजरात	1,75,136	1,15,136	1,25,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	—
हरियाणा	1,65,000	1,65,000	5,000	—	1,75,000	20,000
हिमाचल प्रदेश	1,00,000	1,00,000	—		50,000	—
जम्मू कश्मीर	—	—	—	—	10,000	—
कर्नाटक	2,70,000	2,60,000	2,50,000	—	2,00,000	—
केरल	1,10,000	1,10,000	10,000	10,000	1,10,000	—
मध्य प्रदेश	2,20,000	2,10,000	1,00,000	—	1,15,000	5,000
महाराष्ट्र	1,45,000	1,45,000	5,000	—	—	—
मणिपुर	10,000	10,000	10,000	—	—	—
उड़ीसा	3,27,000	2,63,000	2,60,000	20,000	1,00,000	20,000
पंजाब	25,000	25,000	75,000	75,000	50,000	*
राजस्थान	—	—	15,000	15,000	15,000	*
तमिलनाडु	4,15,000	4,15,000	4,10,000	4,10,000	6,10,000	*
उत्तर प्रदेश	25,000	25,000	1,70,000	1,30,000	2,55,000	*
पश्चिमी बंगाल	95,000	65,000	60,000	55,000	30,000	*
दिल्ली	9,74,500	9,74,500	9,55,000	1,30,000	8,95,000	*

Meteorological Forecasts

547. SHRI B.K. HARIPRASAD: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the meteorological forecasts put out every day this season have turned out to be highly erratic and unreliable;

(b) whether such forecasts have totally failed to predict the abnormal delay in monsoon in many northern parts of the country thereby misleading the farmers; and

(c) if so, whether Government would consider stopping issue of generalised long-term forecasts and develop a regional forecasting mechanism for predominantly rain-fed areas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND SPACE AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI BHUVNESH CHATURVEDI): (a) No Sir. Short range forecasts issued by India Meteorological Department on a day-to-day basis have been found to be reasonably accurate.

(b) No long range forecast was made about the onset of monsoon over North India by IMD.

(c) No Sir, long range forecast of southwest monsoon range is useful for planning purposes and is required by differnet agencies. It is supplemented by short range forecast for regional/sub-regional levels.